# Responsible Data Science

Lab 12: Final Exam Review and Q&A

Center for Data Science New York University

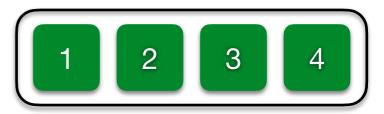




## Fairness survey

- (1) Types of bias:
  - Pre-existing
  - Technical
  - Emergent
- (2) Fairness in classification:
  - Group fairness vs individual fairness
  - Disparate impact vs disparate treatment
  - FNR, FPR, Calibration
  - Trade-offs
  - Fairness from the perspective of different stakeholders

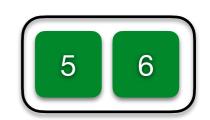
#### Fairness



- (3) Fairness as equality opportunity
  - Formal EO (and Formal+)
  - Substantive/Rawlsian EO
  - Luck-egalitarian EO

# Data science lifecycle survey

- (1) Data lifecycle of an ADS:
- (3) Dimensions of technical bias:



- Acquisition
- Technical
- Emergent

- Interpolating missing values
- Data filtering and joins
- Data distribution debugging

DS Lifecycle

#### (2) Data profiling:

- Statistics (e.g. mean, median) and distributions (e.g. histograms)
- Structure (business rules, schema of a dataset)
- Data types
- NULL and missing values
- Different types of missingness

### Data protection survey

#### (1) Privacy:

- Randomized response
- Do we need randomization?
- Linkage attacks and differencing attacks
- Trusted and untrusted parties
- Differential privacy
- Privacy budget
- Privacy guarantees vs noisy estimates

#### **Data Protection**



#### (2) Ethical frameworks:

- Consequentialism
- Deontology
- Belmont report, principles:
  - Respect for persons
  - Beneficence
  - Justice
- Menlo report, principles:
  - Respect for law and public interest
- Informed consent

### Transparency and intepretability survey

#### (1) Explaining black-box models:

- What are we explaining, to whom, and why?
- Explanations based on features
- LIME, SHAP, QII
- Limitations/insufficiency of accuracy for understanding models
- Importance of transparency & interpretability for trust



Transparency & Interpretability