

(Falaah Arif Khan, Eleni Manis, and Julia Stoyanovich)

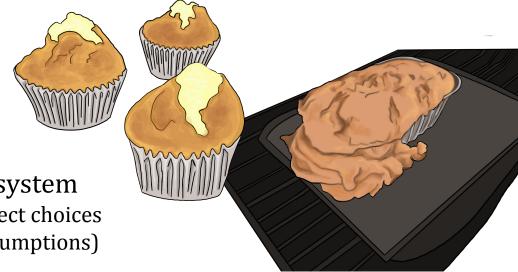






Pre-existing - In the data

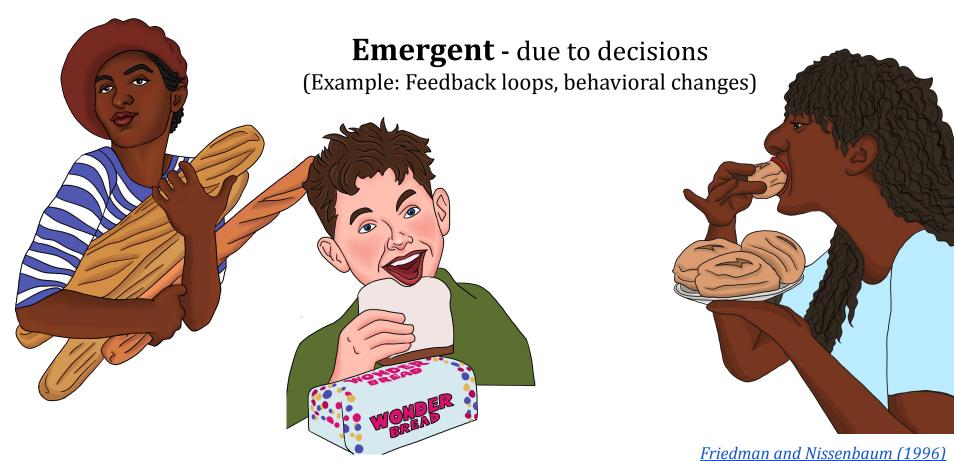
(Example: Racial and gender stereotypes in language models)



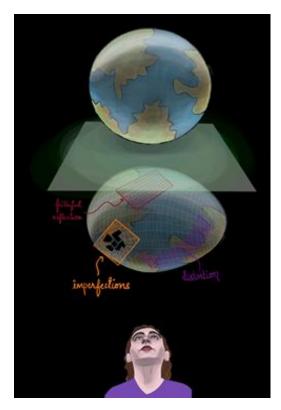
Technical - In the technical system

(Example: Hardware limitations, incorrect choices of representation, strong modelling assumptions)

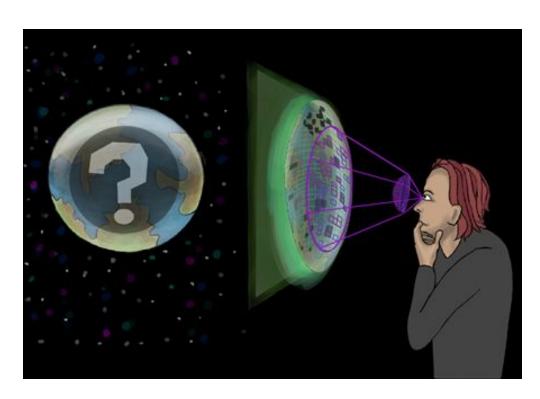
What is bias? (Recap)



1. Data is a mirror reflection of the world

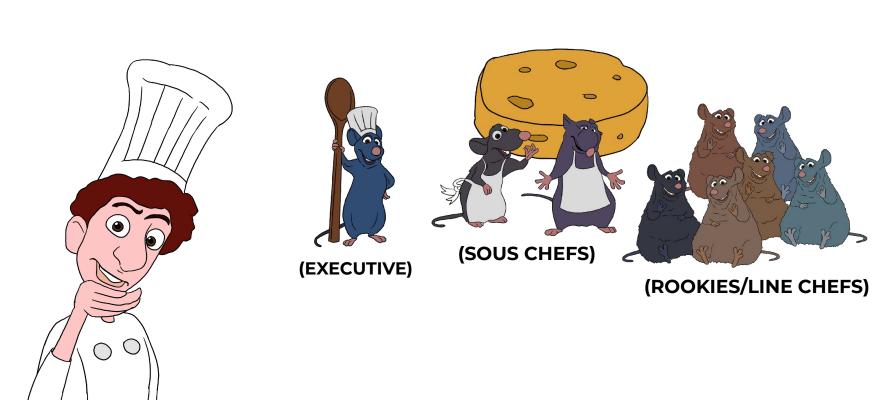


2. Bias is the data is the <u>distortions</u> in the reflection



3. Mitigation of bias is the <u>corrective lenses!</u>

'Fairness is Impossible'



'Fairness is Impossible'







Which 'Fairness' metric is suitable for our particular context?

Is it **Equality in the Distribution** of some commodity/outcome? (In the Economic sense)

Is it some notion of **Distributive Justice?**

(From political philosophy)

Is it **Non-Discrimination?**

(From Legal doctrines)

Maybe we can get some guidance from political philosophy!

It's the....

Age of
Equality Of
Opportunity!
(EOP)



Age of EOP!

Libertarian -

(Any holding acquired without cheating, is claimed 'fairly', even if some end up with significantly more than others)





Libertarian



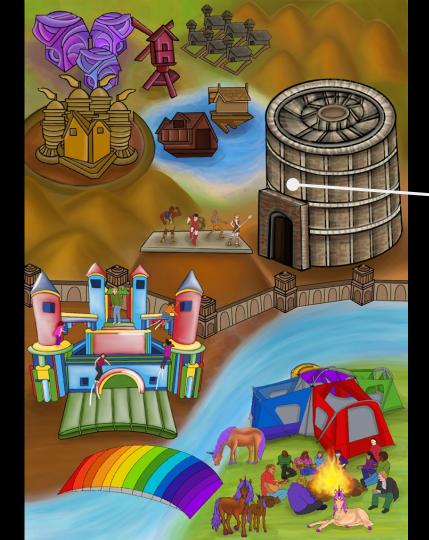
- Emphasis is on people's rights and liberties
- The libertarian will object to any 'ill-gotten gains' - no cheating or defrauding allowed



Libertarian

- Any welfare/opportunities won 'fair and square' are allowed
- Even if some end up with significantly more than others
- Not a form of EOP at all only enforces a limited notion of procedural fairness

Age of EOP!



Formal

(The theatre of formal EOP is open to all talents - but you fight with what you have, no special treatment once you're in)



Formal EOP



- In any contest, applicants should only be judged by 'job-relevant' qualifications
- "See nothing irrelevant, speak nothing irrelevant, hear nothing irrelevant"



Formal EOP

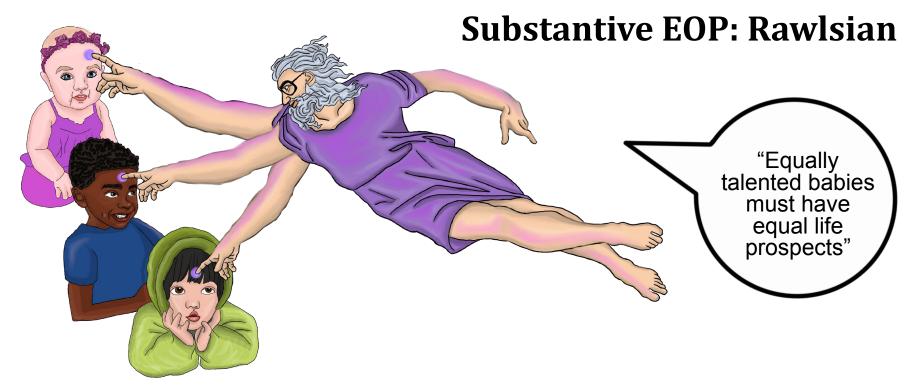
- In any competition, the most qualified person must win
- Formal EOP is codified as "Fairness through Blindness"
- Formal plus algorithms must not
 perform systematically
 worse/better for some
 demographics

Age of EOP!

Substantive: Rawlsian

(The bouncy castle of social security has strategically placed trampolines to propel individuals toward the opportunities they seek)





- Emphasis is on equality of 'developmental opportunities'
- All people rich or poor must have the same opportunities to develop their qualifications, so that at the point of competition they are equally likely to succeed.

Rawls (1971)



Substantive EOP: Rawlsian

- Fair-ML formulations include 'equality of odds' and 'statistical parity'
- But! These are not truly Rawlsian at the point of where the algorithm is making a decision, it's too late to provide people with opportunities to build qualifications

Age of EOP!



Substantive:

Luck-Egalitarian
(The Luck Egalitarians gather around the communal fire - forsaking all disparities in talent and effort, in favor of unicorns on rainbows!)

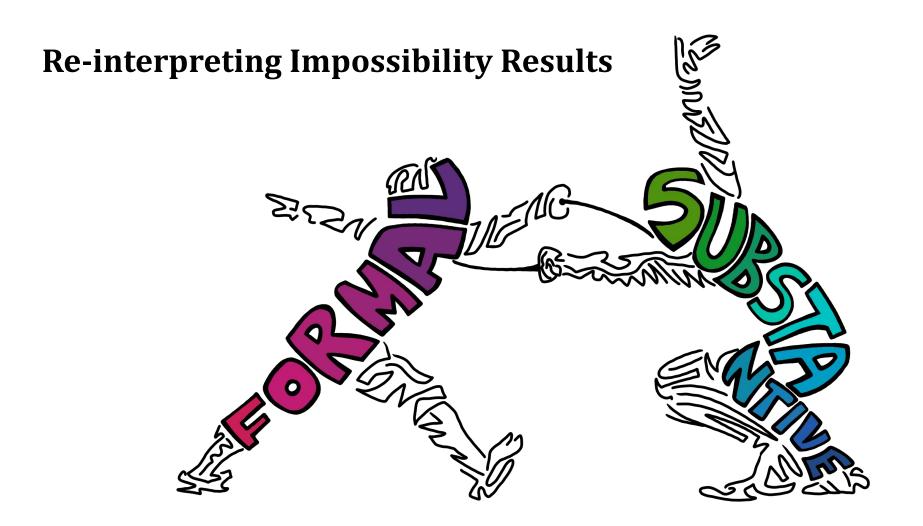
Substantive EOP: Luck Egalitarian





Substantive EOP: Luck Egalitarian

- One popular formulation is Roemer's EOP - only control for certain factors such as sex and race
- Measure a person based on their rank in the effort distribution of their type/circumstance



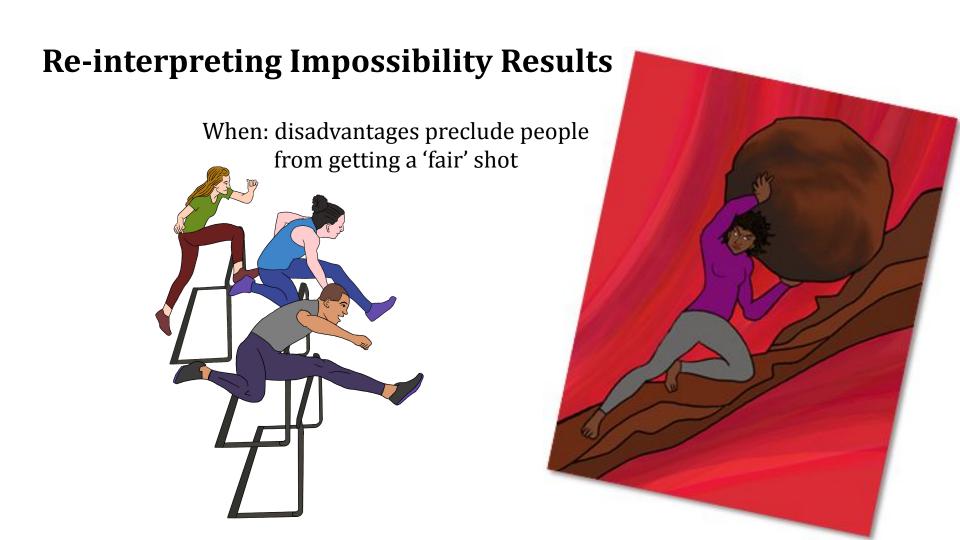
Re-interpreting Impossibility Results

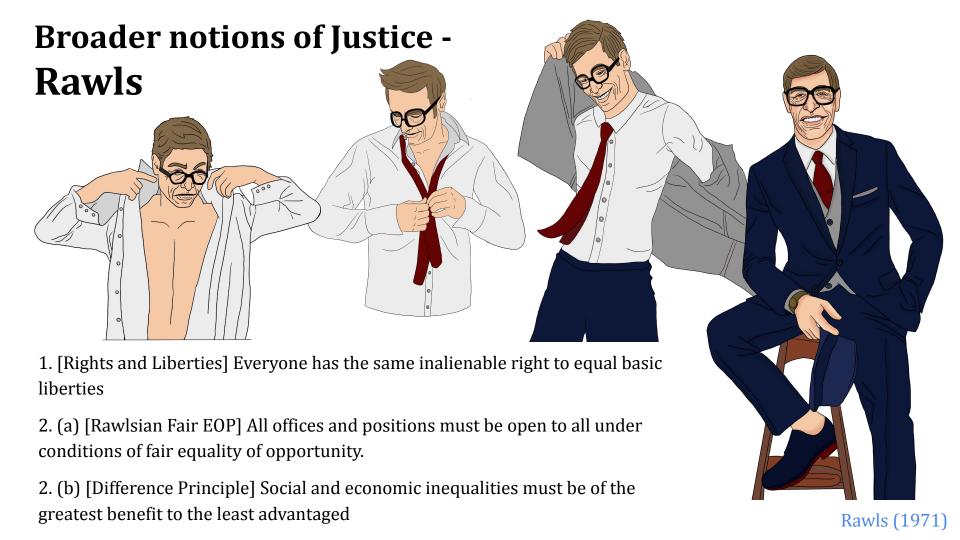


When: qualifications are not affected by circumstances of birth



When: judges might be swayed by irrelevant traits like appearance.





'Fair' hiring of people with disabilities

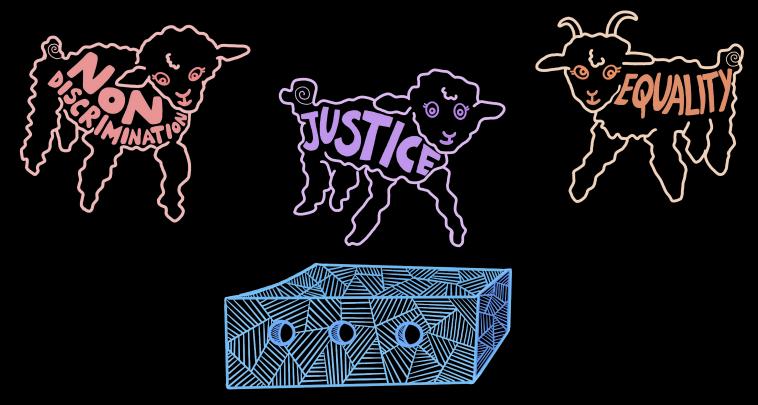




Rawls (1971)

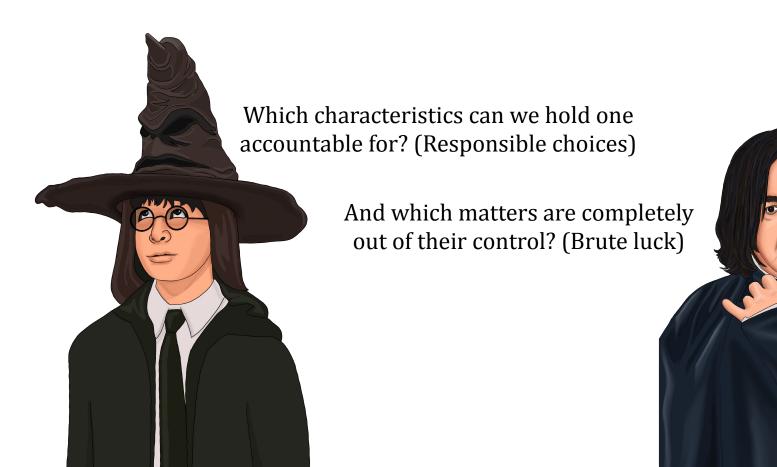


Limitations in Guidance - Interpretability



The fairness that you asked for is inside this box!

Limitations in Guidance - Brute luck vs. Choice luck



Only technical fixes are not enough!



Tenets of Fair-ML

1. Be clear that there is no one correct notion of Fairness, and yet feel free to propose blanket software solutions for all datasets and applications





2. Be clear that ethics research is important insofar as it does not shed any bad light on the company and its products

